INTERNATIONAL TREE CLIMBING CHAMPIONSHIPS COMPETITION RULES

(Revision Date: 11 January 2016)

HOW TO USE THIS RULE BOOK

To familiarize yourself with the rule book, first study the table of contents to get an idea of how the rules are organized. The rules are presented from general to specific; that is, rules that apply to the entire competition are at the beginning. Rules for individual events then follow. It is the responsibility of the judges, officials, technicians, and contestants competitors to review the rules in their entirety before the start of the competition.

Each Section is identified by a unique number to help you navigate the rule book. For example, all rules associated with the Work Climb begin with the number 3. A second and/or third number following the first number identifies the section and, if applicable, subsection for that particular rule. For example, Section 3.1 is the overall summary for the Work Climb. Section 3.2 describes the Work Climb rules, and subsection 3.2.1 discusses the required equipment to be used in the Work Climb.

A summary of the event can be found at the beginning of each event section. The summary is not a rule but an overview of the event. The actual rules for each event follow the summary. At the end of each section is a list of mandatory and discretionary penalties and reasons for disqualifications.

Rules that have been added or changed since the last revision are red and bold.

Carry a rule book with you in your pocket or gear bag and use it whenever a question arises. Knowing the rules may not only enable you to avoid penalties and disqualification, but also may improve your competition score and experience.

If you have questions or suggestions that you would like sent to the ITCC Rules Committee, would like to volunteer your assistance at ITCC, and/or have an idea for how the event could be improved, e-mail the ISA office at itcc@isa-arbor.com, call +1 (217) 355-9411, or write to ISA, P.O. Box 3129, Champaign, IL 61826-3129, USA.

ITCC Men's Hall of Champions

2015 James Earhart, Mid-Atlantic Chapter	2006 Bernd Strasser, Germany Chapter
2014 Scott Forrest, New Zealand Chapter	2005 Dan Kraus, Pacific Northwest Chapter
2013 Scott Forrest, New Zealand Chapter	2004 Bernd Strasser, Germany Chapter
2012 Bernd Strasser, Germany Chapter	2003 Bernd Strasser, Germany Chapter
2011 Scott Forrest, New Zealand Chapter	2002 Bernd Strasser, Germany Chapter
2010 Mark Chisholm, New Jersey Chapter	2001 Mark Chisholm, New Jersey Chapter
2009 Jared Abrojena, Western Chapter	2000 Bernd Strasser, Germany/Austria
2008 Bernd Strasser, Germany Chapter	Chapter
2007 Bernd Strasser, Germany Chapter	

19	99 Bernd Strasser, Germany/Austria Chapter	1986 Craig Cutler, New Jersey Chapter
19	98 Michael Cotter, Mid-Atlantic Chapter	1985 Steve Bannan, Penn-Del Chapter1984 Rick Husband, Texas Chapter
19	97 Mark Chisholm, New Jersey Chapter	1983 Bob Maltby, New England Chapter
19	96 Rip Tompkins, New England Chapter	1982 Bob Hunter, Western Chapter
19	95 Ken Palmer, New England Chapter	1981 Bob Hunter, Western Chapter
19	94 Jim Harris, Pacific Northwest Chapter	1980 Paul Harlow, New England Chapter
19	93 Ken Palmer, New England Chapter	1979 Sam Noonan, Western Chapter
19	92 Bob Weber, Penn-Del Chapter	1978 Sam Noonan, Western Chapter
19	91 Ken Palmer, New England Chapter	1977 Tom Smith, Western Chapter
19	90 Greg Clemens, Ohio Chapter	1976 Tom Gosnell, Western Chapter
19	89 Bob Weber, Penn-Del Chapter	
19	88 No Insurance, No Jamboree	

ITCC Women's Hall of Champions

2015	Jamilee Kempton, Western Chapter	2007	Christina Spence, New Zealand
2014	Josephine Hedger, UK/Ireland		Chapter
	Chapter	2006	Elena O'Neill, New Zealand Chapter
2013	Nicky Ward-Allen, New Zealand	2005	Christina Spence, New Zealand
	Chapter		Chapter
2012	Veronika Ericsson, Sweden Chapter	2004	Kathy Holzer, Pacific Northwest
2011	Christina Spence, New Zealand		Chapter
Chapter		2003	Kiah Martin, Australia Chapter
2010	Josephine Hedger, UK/Ireland	2002	Wenda Li, Ontario Chapter
	Chapter	2001	Christina Engel, Germany/Austria
2009	Anja Erni, Switzerland		Chapter
2008	Josephine Hedger, UK/Ireland		
	Chapter		

<u>Current ITCC Men's Footlock World</u> <u>Record: 15 meters</u>

1987 No Insurance, No Jamboree

James Kilpatrick, New Zealand Chapter World Record Time: 13.65 (Set at 2011 APTCC, Singapore)

<u>Current ITCC Women's Footlock World Record:</u> <u>15 meters</u>

Jamilee Kempton, Western Chapter

World Record Time: 20.17 (Set at 2015 ITCC, Tampa)

<u>Current ITCC Women's Footlock World</u> <u>Record: 12 meters</u>

Nicky Ward-Allen, New Zealand Chapter World Record Time: 13.26 (Set at 2010 ITCC, Chicago)

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INTRODUCTION

Tree climbing competitions are held in countries around the world. Each chapter or associate organization and each regional event of the International Society of Arboriculture (ISA) is allowed to send one male and one female climber to represent them at the International Tree Climbing Championship. Climbers are selected as a result of their demonstrated superior abilities in their chapter championships. The rallying point for the international event is generally the site of the International Society of Arboriculture's Annual International Conference.

Tree climbing competitions began in 1976, with the first ISA Tree Trimmer's Jamboree in St. Louis, Missouri. The Jamboree was initially established to preserve classic skills so that when it came to a real-life aerial rescue, a climber with nothing more than a rope could save a life. The events of the championship have been developed to provide an opportunity for arborists who have qualified to participate in a competition that tests the knowledge and skill of a professional tree climber. The equipment and techniques used in competition must meet the minimum industry standards for safety and reflect best practices.

The competition has grown, its purpose has expanded, and the name has changed to the International Tree Climbing Championship (ITCC) to reflect the global expansion of eligible competitions. Competitions promote safe working practices, demonstrate improvements and innovations in equipment and techniques, and provide industry recognition to the public. It is also an opportunity for climbers to gather and exchange ideas with their professional peers.

The first competition had four events, the Work Climb, Aerial Rescue, Rope Throw, and the Footlock or Body Thrust Speed Climb. At that time, the Footlock method was used by a select few climbers, so most competitors used the body thrust method to enter a tree. Contestants-Competitors had the option to compete in both the Footlock and Body Thrust but could earn points in only one of the two. The scores of the four events were combined, and the climber with the highest score at the end of the day was declared the winner.

The format for the ITCC changed in 1996. Contestants—Competitors now compete in 5 preliminary events, Work Climb (80pts), Aerial Rescue (50pts), Throwline (30pts), Footlock (20pts) and Speed Climb (20pts) for a total of 200 points. The contestants competitors who accumulate the highest combined point totals in the preliminary events earn the right to move on to the championship round, the Masters' Challenge.

Contestants—Competitors who advance to the Masters' Challenge start fresh and no preliminary points earned are carried forward. A total of up to 300 points may be earned in the Masters' Challenge event. The winners, one woman and one man, are named the World Champions, and are awarded cash and prizes. Champions are also awarded an automatic position in the next year's International Tree Climbing Championship.

1 **CONTESTANT'S COMPETITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES**

1.1 Required Meeting Attendance

- 1.1.1 All contestants competitors are required to attend all mandatory meetings. Due to special circumstances, exceptions may be made only with the Head Judge's approval. Failure to attend mandatory meetings without prior approval of the Head Judge may result in disqualification from the entire event. (2015)
- 1.1.2 The pre-event meetings are conducted to inspect equipment; review rules and regulations; introduce the contestants competitors, judges, and officials; verify registrations and sign a standard insurance waiver; and discuss and answer questions before the event. (2015)
- 1.1.3 It is each contestant's competitor's responsibility to bring any questions about equipment or rules and regulations to the judges' attention at these meetings.
- 1.1.4 It is each contestant's competitor's responsibility to have all new techniques and equipment approved for competition by the Head Technician-ISA at least three months prior to the event. This shall be done during the contestants' meetings the day before the competition. No new techniques or equipment will be reviewed the day of the competition. (2016)
- 1.1.5 It is each contestant's competitor's responsibility to read and understand the rules and conditions of the competition prior to the event. Each contestants competitors must conduct themselves in a professional manner at all times during the competition. Failure to do so may result in immediate disqualification and dismissal from the event.

2 GENERAL RULES AND REGULATIONS

2.1 Eligibility

- 2.1.1 Each ISA chapter, ISA associate organization, and ISA regional event, may send only one male and one female climber to represent the chapter or associate organization at the international competition. There are two exceptions to this rule:
 - a. The previous year's world champions are invited back to defend the title. The chapters with the current world champions are allowed to send additional climbers to compete as the chapter's representative(s).
 - ISA may invite additional qualified climbers to compete at the international competition. Climbers must be the champion or runner-up of a local or regional ISAsanctioned climbing championship.
- 2.1.2 To be eligible to send competitor(s) to the ITCC or a Regional Event (ETCC, NATCC or APTCC), an ISA chapter or ISA associate organization shall-must:
 - a. Hold a competition consisting of a set of 5 preliminary events, as outlined in the ITCC Rule Book, to determine finalists who compete in a Masters' Challenge event. The competition champion is the winner of the Masters' Challenge.
 - b. Adhere to all competition rules as outlined in the ITCC Rule Book as well as all other competition and equipment notifications and requirements.
- 2.1.3 In the event a Tree Climbing Championship (TCC) is impacted by influences outside the control of the organizers, such as inclement severe weather or other circumstances that do not allow for a safe and/ or practical way to complete the planned-for Masters' Challenge, the cchapter or aAssociate oOrganization should declare a winner using the

- results of the preliminary events. The winner is the contestant competitor with the highest combined total points from the preliminary events.
- 2.1.4 In the event that there are only one or two competitors in a division (male or female) at a regional, chapter, or associate organization level, the potential climber representative shall be deemed to be eligible to compete at ITCC if the criteria outlined in Appendix 4 are met.
- 2.1.5 contestant All competitors must be members of ISA prior to the start of the competition. contestant All competitors must be 16 years of age prior to the start of the competition. contestant Competitors who are 16 or 178 years old at the start of the competition must have legal guardian consent and may have to demonstrate the appropriate skills to compete safely. (2015)

2.2 Equipment

- 2.2.1 All equipment used must be manufactured to meet or exceed the minimum accepted industry safety standard, unless otherwise specified in this document and shall must reflect industry best practices. Equipment must be considered appropriate for use in tree climbing. If equipment is not clearly labeled to provide an industry standard mark, it is the user's responsibility to provide written evidence in English, to be retained by the Head Judge, that the equipment is manufactured to meet the accepted industry standard for that piece of equipment and its application. (2015)
- 2.2.2 It is the responsibility of each contestant competitor, judge, technician, and/or volunteer to ensure that all equipment meets rule 2.2.1 and is fully functional, clean, and contaminant-free. This includes ensuring that all volunteers' cutting tools have been disinfected before starting work on the ITCC trees.
- 2.2.3 If a contestant competitor has a question about equipment or the legality of a climbing technique or system, it is the contestant competitor's responsibility to have that equipment, technique, or system approved by the Head Technician during the contestants' competitors' meetings the day prior to the event. The Head Technician may consult with the ITCC Chairperson and Head Judge, at which point all three will address the question and make a ruling. Prior to the competition, contestants competitors may also visit the ITCC Rules web site for more information about safety warnings and hardware configurations, and to ask questions about the legality or the approval of climbing equipment techniques used in ITCC competitions. Final approval for contestants' competitors' climbing equipment and techniques will be made at the competition gear inspection. (http://www.itcc-isa.com/rulesregulations/rules/rules.aspx)
- 2.2.4 Any equipment that does not meet the ITCC gear inspection standards will be tagged and quarantined prior to the competition and will not be returned until the completion of the event. It is the contestant's competitor's responsibility to claim the equipment at the time designated by the ITCC officials.
- 2.2.5 During the competition, if a contestant competitor has a question about equipment or the legality of a climbing technique that cannot be answered by the Event Head Judge, the ITCC Chairperson, Head Judge, and Head Technician will address the question and make a ruling.
- 2.2.6 All personal climbing equipment is subject to reinspection and approval by the judges or technicians before each event. If a contestant competitor's equipment does not meet or exceed required standards by the time the a contestant competitor is scheduled to start an event, the contestant competitor forfeits that event. Competitors' equipment must

meet or exceed required standards by the time s/he is scheduled to start an event.

Otherwise, the competitor must forfeit that event. The required equipment for an event is specified in the rules for that event and is listed on the score sheet. This equipment must be checked off on the score sheet at the event gate for each contestant competitor before the contestant competitor begins the event. (2016)

- 2.2.7 All rope snaps used in a fall-protection/work-positioning system shall must be of the self-closing, self-locking type and shall must be manufactured to meet or exceed the minimum accepted industry safety standard.
- 2.2.8 Screw links shall must be manufactured to meet or exceed the minimum accepted industry safety standard and be mechanically tightened to ensure that they will not open during use.
- 2.2.9 A carabiner used as part of a climber's primary fall-protection/work-positioning system shall must be manufactured to meet or exceed the minimum accepted industry safety standard. It shall must be self-closing and double auto-locking and shall require a minimum of two separate operations to prepare the gate to open. Failure to abide by this rule may result in disqualification.
- 2.2.10 Carabiners used as part of a climber's primary fall-protection/work-positioning system shall must not be chain-linked to other carabiners or connecting links.
- 2.2.11 No equipment used in a fall-protection/work-positioning system shall incorporate quick-release mechanisms. Where applicable, quick-release mechanisms must be replaced with a manufacturer-approved bolt and nut assembly.
- 2.2.12 Contestants Competitors, judges, technicians, and other approved individuals shall must wear safety glasses approved eye protection at all times while inside the event safety perimeter. Permission may be granted by the Event Head Judge for the climber to stop and briefly remove safety glasses approved eye protection for cleaning, changing, etc. The event timing will continue and not be stopped. Safety glasses Approved eye protection must be impact resistant, provide wrap-around eye protection, and be manufactured to meet or exceed the minimum accepted industry safety standard.
- 2.2.13 Contestants Competitors, judges, technicians, and other approved individuals shall must wear appropriate head protection at all times while inside the event safety perimeter. Hard hats and climbing-style helmets shall must be manufactured to meet or exceed the minimum accepted industry safety standard and have been approved by the manufacturer for use in that application. contestants Competitors and technicians who are working aloft must wear climbing-style helmets.
- 2.2.14 Contestants, judges, technicians, and officials must wear appropriate footwear and clothing during competition. Appropriate footwear is defined as a boot that covers the foot and ankle and that is constructed with a suitable sole and upper portion. The upper portion of the boot should provide protection from penetration. The sole should provide proper traction for work on the ground as well as when working aloft. ITCC-issued clothing must be worn while participating in the preliminary events, the Head-to-Head Footlock competition, the Masters' Challenge, and at all award ceremonies. (2015)
- 2.2.15 All activity aloft (Work Climb, Masters' Challenge, Aerial Rescue, Secured Footlock, and Belayed Speed Climb) must be done with the aid of a work-positioning or fall-protection system. A contestants competitor shall must be secured at all times while ascending into the tree, while performing the event task, and until he/she returns to the ground.

- 2.2.16 A suitable fall-protection system requires that the climbing line always be anchored above the climber. (2015)
- 2.2.17 When footlocking, a contestants competitor shall must not wrap the Prusik cord around his/her arm.
- 2.2.18 Infractions of the work-positioning/fall-protection rule will result in lost points or disqualification at the discretion of the judges. Infractions include failure to manage slack (not having so much slack in the climbing line that the loop of slack hangs below the contestant's competitor's knee), or brief instances of being open to a fall or climbing above the tie-in point. Flagrant disregard for this rule will result in disqualification. (2015)
- 2.2.19 It is a contestant's competitor's responsibility to show that all cordage used as a climbing hitch in a moving rope (dynamic overhead belay climbing) system or as a climbing hitch/friction hitch in a stationary rope (static) climbing system has been approved by the manufacturer for use in that application.
- 2.2.20 Lines used for work positioning when using a Moving Rope System (see Appendix 5) shall must be a minimum of 11mm diameter and shall must have a minimum breaking strength of 22kNn. Ropes used for ascending and Stationary Rope Systems (see Appendix 5) shall must be a minimum of 10mm in diameter and shall must have a minimum breaking strength of 22kNn. When using Stationary Rope Systems, the contestant competitor shall must use a device that meets the criteria indicated in 2.2.1 and is approved by the manufacturer for Stationary Rope Systems as a stand-alone device. The device shall must also be compatible for use with the line's diameter and construction.
- 2.2.21 All lines and components used in a basal anchor configuration must meet the criteria of 2.2.1, and be compatible with one another.
- 2.2.22 Friction hitch cords for moving rope applications and those which support the entire system load shall must be a minimum 8mm in diameter and shall must meet the requirements of 2.2.1. Friction hitch cords for stationary applications, where the load applied to the hitch is approximately half the system load, shall must be 6mm diameter or greater. Friction hitch cord shall must be manufactured from material(s) suitably resistant to the abrasion and temperatures experienced during work and rescue scenarios. Contestants Competitors must perform an "on-rope test" to demonstrate the effectiveness and adjustment of all friction hitches.
- 2.2.23 Cords used for work-positioning lanyards shall must be a minimum 10mm, shall and must meet the minimum strength standards established for climbing lines and meet requirements of 2.2.1.
- 2.2.24 The non-working end of any lanyard used in a fall protection/work-position system shall must have a fixed termination, such as a fixed stopper knot, eye splice, stitched eye, etc., that does not permit the non-working end of the lanyard to advance through the friction device (friction hitch, frame-loaded ascender, cam-loaded ascender) or be securely connected to a rated connection point on the harness/saddle.
- 2.2.25 For the purposes of clarity in this rules document, the term "climbing hitch" includes both traditional hitches tied with cordage (Prusik, Valdôtain Tresse, etc.) as well as approved mechanical hitches. All climbing hitches shall must be approved prior to being allowed for use in the competition.
- 2.2.26 A minimum of a double-fisherman's bend shall must be used to form the Prusik loop.
 Variations, including an endless splice, may be used with prior approval of the ITCC Head

- Technician. When footlocking using a Prusik loop, a six-coil Prusik hitch, a Klemheist, or other approved secure friction hitch shall must be used for fall protection.
- 2.2.27 Climbing hitches shall must not be used for descent when using stationary rope systems, unless they are part of an approved configuration or system.
- 2.2.28 A contestant competitor is not permitted to place his/her hands on or above the friction hitch when it is used as the only means of being secured on a stationary rope system (static line). The first offense will generate a warning or penalty; a second offense will generate a disqualification.
- 2.2.29 A contestant competitor who utilizes a mechanical ascender as a part of a stationary (static) rope system must also include a system of backup to protect against an ascender malfunction. Mechanical ascenders, on a stationary (static) rope system, can be backed up with another ascender on the same line or a pliable Prusik cord that is placed above the mechanical ascender and on the same line as the ascender. If a double-line ascending system is used, both sides of the line must be backed up independently. Prusik cordage must meet the requirements of 2.2.22 and must be able to immediately grip and hold the line and support the contestant's competitor's weight should an ascender fail. All mechanical ascender-climbing systems must be demonstrated and are subject to the Head Technician's prior approval.
- 2.2.30 Contestant Competitors may work from a stationary (static) rope system provided:
 - That when using an in-line configuration, engaged ascenders are not within the anchoring system. Fall-protection anchoring systems must include an approved stopper knot, or hitch on the stationary (static) rope system no more than 18 inches (45 cm) below the anchoring system, unless the climbing system is directly connected to an approved knot in the access line. Techniques for working from a stationary (static) rope system using an in-line anchor must be demonstrated prior to use and during gear inspection, and must have prior approval of the Head Technician.
- 2.2.31 A contestant competitor will not be permitted to place his/her hands on or near the cams of ascenders unless the contestant competitor is appropriately secured. The first offense will generate a warning; a second offense will generate a disqualification.
- 2.2.32 A contestant competitor will be disqualified for dropping a piece of equipment while working aloft. This rule applies only to the actual timed portion of an event. A contestant competitor who drops equipment (accidentally or unannounced) while aloft, but prior to the beginning of the timed portion of the event, will be issued a warning for a first offense; a second offense will generate a disqualification.
- 2.2.33 The competitor may not throw, lower, or drop any piece of equipment or gear from the tree while working aloft other than throwlines, throw weight, rope, or a rope bag, or items of clothing A contestant competitor may securely lower equipment and have the equipment removed from a rope by an Event Technician. The contestant competitor must also notify the judges and technicians and receive an all-clear response from the Event Head Judge before securely lowering equipment or before a throwline, throw weight, rope, or rope bag is thrown. without prior approval from the Event Head Judge. Upon approval from the Event Head Judge, non-life support items may be thrown from the tree after an "all clear" is confirmed by the Event Head Judge. A competitor may securely lower equipment and have the equipment removed from a rope, upon approval from the Event Head Judge and following an "all clear" confirmation. Violation of this rule will result in the contestant competitor being disqualified from that event. (2016)

- 2.2.34 A contestant competitor shall must sound the audible warning ("stand clear") in any situation where there is the potential for an item (any equipment, or part of the tree) to fall. Violations of this rule shall must be enforced in accordance with the specifications outlined in the individual event rules.
- 2.2.35 No climbing equipment (saddles/harnesses, work-positioning lanyards, ascenders, etc.) shall be altered in a manner that would compromise the integrity of the equipment. (i.e., drilling holes in or welding ascenders together). No alterations to equipment from its original manufacturer's design will be allowed without the express written consent of the manufacturer.
- 2.2.36 A contestant competitor using a secondary work-positioning system (lanyard) shall must not attach both anchoring points of the system to the same side D-Ring(s) of the harness. Correct loading configurations include:
 - Connection from side D-Ring to opposite side D-Ring for horizontal workpositioning; shall must not be used for suspension.
 - Connection to both front D-Rings where available; may be used for suspension if so indicated by manufacturer of the harness.
 - Connection to a fixed or sliding ventral attachment point, singled or doubled; may also be used for suspension. (When connecting from the ventral attachment point in a singled configuration and attaching the work positioning system around a limb back onto a tie-in point on itself, correct loading of the connecting link shall must be ensured at all times.)
- 2.2.37 Contestants Competitors may use the handsaws provided, or they may use their own handsaws. The teeth of the handsaw must be covered or removed to prevent injury and also to prevent cutting the bells out of the tree during the competition. Handsaws held in the mouth will result in disqualification. (2015)
- 2.2.38 Handsaws used in competition shall must be no longer than 23 inches (58 cm) or shorter than 13 inches (33 cm) when measured from the tip of the blade to the end of the handle in a straight line.

2.3 Other

- 2.3.1 Contestants Competitors will be advised in advance of the competition of any rule changes or modifications to the competition setup deemed necessary for the safety of the contestants competitors or the competitive requirements of the event.
- 2.3.2 Contestants Competitors shall must not watch or be in the immediate area during the set-up of competition events. Failure to abide by this rule will be viewed as misconduct (see Rule 2.3.10).
- 2.3.3 A random drawing is held by the championship committee before the organization meeting to determine the order in which the participants will complete the events.
- 2.3.4 It is the responsibility of each contestant competitor to be at each event at the scheduled time.
- 2.3.5 Contestants Competitors must report to the Event Head Judge before they are scheduled to start an event. If a contestant competitor does not report to the Event Head Judge within 5 minutes of the scheduled starting time, the contestant competitor forfeits that event.

- 2.3.6 Contestants Competitors not currently competing shall must not approach or talk to event judges while the contest is in progress without the prior consent of the Event Head Judge. Failure to abide by this rule may result in disqualification.
- 2.3.7 Competitors may file an official protest if they feel they have been judged unfairly or incorrectly. Protests must be made on an official protest form, which is available from the TCC Chairperson.
- 2.3.8 All protests shall must be signed and submitted in writing by the competitor to the TCC Chairperson within 1 hour of the alleged rule infraction. The TCC Chairperson, Head Judge, and Head Technician will review the protest and make a ruling.
- 2.3.9 Misconduct in the presentation or discussion of protest is cause for immediate withdrawal of protest rights and/or possible disqualification.
- 2.3.10 A misconduct disqualification will be enforced by the Head Judge on any contestant competitor who has displayed inappropriate, unprofessional, and/or unsportsmanlike behavior during participation in or after the completion of an event. Event Head Judges will enforce the rules for their individual event including infractions of the misconduct rule.
- 2.3.11 The use of alcoholic beverages or illegal drugs by any climber, judge, technician, or official will result in immediate disqualification and removal of the individual from participation in the championship events. (2015)
- 2.3.12 It is the responsibility of the judges, technicians, and officials to read and understand the rules and regulations, to be able to interpret them in the spirit of the competition, and to enforce the contestants' competitors' adherence to them. All judges, technicians, and officials are expected to conduct themselves in a professional and appropriate manner at all times during the competition.
- 2.3.13 Once a contestant competitor has begun an event, the Event Head Judge may instruct the competitor to stop if the judges need time to assess potential safety concerns, clarify rules, or take a closer look at equipment installation. The clock will stop with no time penalty to the climber. Official time will begin again when the Event Head Judge says "Go" and instructs the contestant competitor to proceed.
- 2.3.14 A contestant competitor may not leave the designated event area or bring additional equipment into the event area once he/she has started the event.
- 2.3.15 A contestant competitor cannot score less than 0 in any of the five preliminary events.

3 WORK CLIMB EVENT

3.1 Event Summary

The Work Climb tests the contestant's competitor's ability to move about the tree using a climbing line and saddle/harness. The event setup is the same for both male and female contestants competitors. Each contestant competitor starts from a staging area in the tree and is required to visit five work stations throughout the tree, performing a specified task at each station. Each station in the tree is equipped with a bell (or horn); the contestant competitor must ring the bell (or sound the horn) before continuing to the next station.

Contestants Competitors earn objective points for successfully completing the task at each station and ringing the bell (or sounding the horn) with either a handsaw, pole pruner, or hand, as indicated. At certain stations, a contestant competitor can earn points for completing the

additional tasks. contestants competitors can also lose points for failing to properly complete certain other tasks.

Contestants Competitors earn or lose subjective points based on safety, control, style, poise, and creativity at the discretion of the judges. Finally, a contestant competitor can be penalized for unsafe or uncontrolled acts at the discretion of the Event hHead jJudge. A second unsafe or uncontrolled act could result in disqualification.

The time limit for this event is 5 minutes. (2015)

3.2 Work Climb Rules

- 3.2.1 Each contestant competitor must be equipped with, and use, a:
 - climbing-style helmet,
 - approved eye protection,
 - tree-climbing saddle/harness,
 - work-positioning lanyard,
 - climbing line,
 - · appropriate clothing and footwear,
 - handsaw, and scabbard. (2016)
- 3.2.2 All equipment and practices must satisfy applicable industry safety standards. (2015)
- 3.2.3 The contestant's competitor's line is set in a predetermined tie-in point. The same tie-in point is to be used by all contestants. Contestants Competitors may choose their own route and rope placement through the work stations unless otherwise directed by the Event Head Judge, but contestants competitors must finish with the landing station.
- 3.2.4 Once a contestant competitor has been identified to the judges, the contestant competitor is asked if he or she has any questions and is reminded of the event requirements.
- 3.2.5 The judges start the clock when a contestant competitor signals to the judges by sounding an air horn or bell in the tree. The judges stop the time when a contestant competitor has safely landed, is in a standing position, and has fully disconnected the climbing line and friction hitch from the tree climbing saddle/harness.
- 3.2.6 Contestants Competitors shall must be safely tied in with a climbing line and/or secured with a work-positioning lanyard at all times while in the tree. While at each work station (handsaw, limb toss, pole pruner, and limb walk) the contestant competitor shall must be safely tied-in with a climbing line and must be correctly secured with a work-positioning lanyard before ringing the bell. (See Rule 2.2.36). A contestant competitor who breaks this rule will receive a warning and a 3-point penalty. A second failure to use the work-positioning lanyard correctly will result in disqualification. Contestants Competitors are not required to lanyard in prior to sounding the horn/bell at the landing station.
- 3.2.7 If a contestant competitor breaks a large branch, or is for any reason considered by the judges to be performing an unsafe practice, penalty points will be assessed and/or the contestant competitor may be disqualified at the discretion of the Event Head Judge. (2015)
- 3.2.8 Contestants must visit each work station to earn points for that station. To be scored as having visited a work station the contestant competitor must have sounded the bell/horn at that station. If a contestant competitor fails to visit a station(s), no scoring

points are earned for the station(s) not visited. In addition, no time points are earned for the Work Climb event.

3.2.8 Competitors must complete the task at each work station to earn points for that station. If a competitor fails to complete the task, no scoring or discretionary points are earned or lost for the station(s). In addition, no time points are earned for the Work Climb event. (2016)

3.3 The Handsaw Station

- 3.3.1 Contestants, Competitors must reach the station, lanyard in (buckstrap, flip line), call for "stand clear," then ring the bell with a handsaw before continuing to the next station.
- 3.3.2 To be scored as completing the task at this station, the contestant competitor must lanyard in, then ring the bell with a handsaw. (2015)
- 3.3.1 To complete the task at this station, the competitor must:
 - Lanyard in
 - Ring the bell with their handsaw.

To earn maximum scoring points, the competitor must also:

- Use their lanyard correctly
- Call for "stand clear" prior to ringing the bell
- Ring the bell with two hands on the handsaw before continuing to the next station.
 (2016)

3.4 The Limb Toss Station

- 3.4.1 Contestants Competitors must reach the station, lanyard in, call for "stand clear," then ring the bell with a handsaw, prior to throwing the first limb at the target on the ground. A contestant competitor shall not throw two limbs at the target at the same time. This station is equipped with two-sections of limb for each climber and a target on the ground. The dimensions of the limbs shall be approximately 12 inches (30-cm) long and have a diameter of approximately 2 inches (5-cm). The diameter of the target on the ground shall be 30 to 48 inches (75-to 125-cm). (2015)
- 3.4.2 To be scored as completing the task at this station, the contestant competitor must first ring the bell with a handsaw, and then throw a single limb at the target.
- 3.4.1 To complete the task at this station, the competitor must:
 - Lanyard in
 - Ring the bell with their handsaw.

To earn maximum scoring points, the competitor must also:

- Use their lanyard correctly
- Call for "stand clear" prior to ringing the bell
- Ring the bell with two hands on the handsaw, prior to throwing the first limb at the target on the ground
- Hit the target on the first throw. (2016)
- 3.4.2 This station is equipped with two sections of limb for each climber and a target on the ground. The dimensions of the limbs must be approximately 12 inches (30-cm) long and have a diameter of approximately 2 inches (5-cm). The diameter of the target on the ground must be 30 to 48 inches (75 to 125 cm). (2016)

- 3.4.3 A competitor must not throw two limbs at the target at the same time. If a contestant competitor attempts to toss two limbs at the target at the same time, the contestant competitor will not have correctly completed the task at this station. In addition, neither of the limbs thrown at the target can score. (2016)
- 3.4.4 A contestant competitor receives 3 points if the limb lands fully within and remains fully within the target on the first throw. The limb shall must not bounce into the target.
- 3.4.5 If unsuccessful with the first attempt, a contestant competitor must throw a second time and will receive 2 points if the limb lands and remains fully within the target. The contestant competitor does not need to re-call "stand clear" prior to throwing the second limb.
- 3.4.6 If a contestant competitor misses on the second throw, no throwing points are received.

3.5 The Pole Pruner Station

- 3.5.1 Contestant Competitors must reach the station, lanyard in, call for "stand clear," then ring the bell with two hands on the pole using the working end of the pole pruner.
- 3.5.2 To be scored as completing the task at this station, the contestant competitor must ring the bell with the pole pruner with both hands on the pole. (2016)
- 3.5.1 To complete the task at this station, the competitor must:
 - Lanyard in
 - Ring the bell with the pole saw.

To earn maximum scoring points, the competitor must also:

- Use their lanyard correctly
- Call for "stand clear" prior to ringing the bell
- Ring the bell with two hands on the pole
- Use the working end of the pole pruner
- Correctly rehang the pole pruner. (2016)
- 3.5.3 A 3-point penalty will be given if a contestant competitor rings the bell with the wrong end of the pole pruner. (2015)
- 3.5.4 Before moving to the next station, a contestant competitor must successfully re-hang the pole pruner in the same location and position. If the contestant competitor fails to do so and is instructed by the Event Head Judge to return to the station and re-hang the pole pruner correctly, a 3-point penalty will be assessed. His/her time will continue during this process.

3.6 The Limb Walk Station

- 3.6.1 Contestant Competitors must start the station by touching the predetermined mark* on the limb with at least one foot. Then contestants competitors must walk out on the limb, lanyard-in, call for "stand clear," then ring the bell with a handsaw, walk back in on the limb, and finish the station by touching the predetermined mark again, without activating the buzzer.
 - *The predetermined mark shall be a minimum of 12 inches (30 cm) wide.
- 3.6.2 To be scored as completing the task at this station, the contestant competitor must touch the predetermined mark on the limb with at least one foot, walk the limb, ring the

bell with a handsaw, and walk back on the limb and touch the predetermined mark with at least one foot again.

- 3.6.1 To complete the task at this station, the competitor must:
 - Start the station by touching the predetermined mark* on the limb with at least one foot
 - Walk out on the limb
 - Lanyard in
 - Ring the bell
 - Walk back to and touch the predetermined mark.

*The predetermined mark must be a minimum of 12 inches (30 cm) wide.

To earn maximum scoring points, the competitor must also:

- Use their lanyard correctly
- Call for "stand clear" prior to ringing the bell
- Touch the predetermined mark again without touching the highest height marker. (2016)
- 3.6.23 Contestants Competitors, once past the predetermined mark, must walk on and keep in contact with the limb at all times. If a contestant competitor loses control and falls, or swings from the limb, he/she must return to the last point of contact before proceeding. The Event Head Judge will determine the last point of contact.
- 3.6.34 If a contestant competitor successfully completes the task at the station and rings the bell without touching predetermined height markers activating the graduated buzzer, 2, 4, or 6 additional points are awarded. (2016)

3.7 The Landing Station

- 3.7.1 At this final station, contestant competitors must call for "stand clear," then sound a horn or bell by hand, and then perform a controlled descent, landing on a target on the ground. The contestant competitor is not required to lanyard-in prior to sounding the horn or bell by hand.
- 3.7.2 To be scored as completing the task at the landing station, the contestant competitor must first sound the horn or bell with their hand, then land on the ground in a standing position.
- 3.7.1 To complete the task at this station, the competitor must:
 - Sound the horn/bell with their hand

To earn maximum scoring points, the competitors must also:

- Call for "stand clear" prior to ringing the bell
- Land with only feet touching the ground
- Land with both feet inside the bull's-eye

The competitor is not required to lanyard-in prior to sounding the horn or bell by hand. (2016)

3.7.23 A contestant competitor who doesn't land and remain in a standing position (i.e., touches the ground with any part of the body other than feet) will not have correctly completed the task.

- 3.7.34 The target for the landing shall must be 2 meters in diameter. A 1-meter-diameter solid circle is drawn in the center of the target and is identified as the bull's-eye of the target.
- 3.7.45 Contestants Competitors can receive up to 4 additional points for landing in a standing position on the 2-meter-diameter the target. Contestants must score with both feet planted and under control. When a contestant lands with one foot, that foot must remain stationary in the same position, but may change orientation, until the second foot is planted; at this time the score will be determined. A contestant can land outside the target with the initial contact foot and step into the bull's-eye target to increase points however, should the contestant attempt to increase points by moving the initial contact foot, zero bonus landing (bull's-eye/outside circle) points will be awarded. (2016)
- 3.7.56 If any part of the foot touches the line, a contestant is scored as going outside the line. (Example: One foot on the outer circle line and the second foot out of the outer circle is scored as no points.)
- 3.7.67 Time stops when a contestant has landed, is in a standing position, and has fully disconnected the climbing line and friction hitch from the saddle/harness.
- 3.7.78 A contestant who does not sound the horn or bell by hand before descending will not receive any points for completing the task or any additional points at the landing station, and additionally, no time points will be awarded.
- 3.7.8 A mark on the lower part of the tree shall must be made to indicate the start of the landing zone. A contestant who touches the tree below that mark or other objects below the mark will be deemed to have landed and will receive no landing (bull's-eye) points for that station.

3.7 Scoring the Work Climb (80 possible points)

- 3.8.1 There will be either three or five Work Climb judges. When five judges are available, the high and low scores are thrown out, and the remaining three scores are averaged to provide the official score.
- 3.8.2 Scoring for this event is based on two categories: assessment of work tasks completed and time.
- 3.8.3 Fifty potential points can be amassed including scoring points and judges' discretionary points.
- 3.8.4 No scoring points are awarded for any task not completed correctly. To receive scoring points at any of the work stations, you must physically contact the bell/horn with the handsaw, pole pruner, or hand as indicated.
- 3.8.5 Penalty points are levied for various infractions, including failure to use a lanyard correctly, failure to call a warning, failure to use the working end of the pole, and failure to re-hang the pole properly.
- 3.8.6 Judges award discretionary points at each station based on performance. Bonus points are awarded for good performance and penalty points are awarded for poor performance. (See bonus/penalty guidelines on score sheet).
- 3.8.7 The event is also timed with up to 30 potential time points.
- 3.8.8 The contestant competitor with the fastest time earns 30 points.

- 3.8.9 Other contestant competitors receive a 1-point deduction from the 30-point total for every 10 seconds their time exceeds the fastest time.
- 3.8.10 If a contestant competitor reaches the time limit and has not finished the event, or has not visited completed the task at each work station, he/she will not receive any time points for the event and will only receive scoring points accumulated up to that point. Judges' discretionary points may be assigned up until the time limit is reached. (see Rule 3.2.8). (2016)

3.8.11 In case of a tie, the competitor with the fastest time wins. (2016)

3.9 Penalties

Mandatory Penalties: (determined by the Scoring Judges) (2015)

A mandatory penalty of 3 points will be deducted for each of the following violations:

- 3.9.1 Failure to call the audible warning prior to ringing the bell at each work station including the landing station. (2015)
- 3.9.2 Failure to use work-positioning lanyard correctly when required.
- 3.9.3 Failure to use the working end of the pole pruner to ring the bell.
- 3.9.4 Failure to properly re-hang the pole pruner.

Discretionary Penalties:

A 3-point penalty and audible warning will be given by the Event Head Judge for any of the below infractions. (2015)

- 3.9.5 Dangerous uncontrolled swing. (2015)
- 3.9.6 Failure to maintain a taut climbing system or climbing above the tie-in point. (2015)
- 3.9.7 High-speed or dangerous movement.

3.10 Disqualification

Mandatory Disqualifications:

A contestant competitor will be disqualified by the Event Head Judge for the following infractions:

- 3.10.1 Dropped piece of equipment (See Rule 2.2.32).
- 3.10.2 Any piece of equipment left in tree except the pre-installed climbing line.
- 3.10.3 Breaking of sizable branch (branch size to be decided prior to the event, at the Event Head Judge's discretion). (2015)
- 3.10.4 Failure to remain tied-in to the tree on at least one point of attachment.
- 3.10.5 More than 5 minutes late for event.
- 3.10.6 Placing handsaw in the mouth. (2015)
- 3.10.7 Misconduct.
- 3.10.8 A second discretionary penalty. (2015)

4 AERIAL RESCUE EVENT

4.1 Event Summary

The Aerial Rescue event is a timed event that tests the contestant's competitor's ability to climb to and safely lower a climber who is unable to descend without assistance. The event setup is the same for male and female contestant's competitor's.

Prior to the event walk-through, the Event Head Judge provides the contestants competitors with the event scenario. (see Appendix 3 for examples of event scenarios.) The rescue scenario explains the injuries and details of the climber's situation.

Contestants Competitors must perform a risk assessment, a pre-climb assessment, and an onsite casualty assessment, and should use all relevant techniques to ensure that the rescue process does not exacerbate the situation. The injured climber (dummy) should be lowered as safely, carefully, and efficiently as possible.

The contestant competitor, as first responder, will assume control of the site, take control of all relevant safety issues, and ensure that local emergency services are contacted. (2015)

Event Setup: The injured climber (represented by a dummy) weighing between 60-80 kg (132-176 lbs.) is installed in the tree with a regulation climbing line and saddle/harness preferably no higher than 25 feet (7.5 meters) above the ground. The contestant competitor must enter the tree using a previously installed line, installed no closer than 15 feet (4.5 meters) from the injured worker. Contestants Competitors are provided with 5 minutes to complete the event. (2015)

4.2 Aerial Rescue Rules

- 4.2.1 Aerial Rescue contestant competitors shall wear, at a minimum, the following equipment: Each competitor must be equipped with, and use, a:
 - climbing-style helmet,
 - approved eye protection,
 - tree climbing saddle/harness,
 - personal with a (work-positioning) lanyard, and
 - appropriate clothing and footwear, and approved eye protection, safety glasses, and a work positioning lanyard. (2016)
- 4.2.2 Contestant Competitors must enter the tree using the installed line.
- 4.2.3 Contestants Competitors may not use the injured climber's line to enter into or descend from the tree.
- 4.2.4 Contestants Competitors must lower the injured climber on the injured climber's line or an approved line other than the contestant's competitor's own unless rule 4.2.5 is used.
- 4.2.5 When a rescue dummy is used and fitted with an approved independent fall-arrest system during the event setup meeting the requirements of rule 4.2.6, the casualty may be transferred to and lowered on the contestant's competitor's climbing system, but the dummy must remain attached to the independent fall-arrest system at all times. When using only the contestant's competitor's climbing system for lowering the casualty, the anchor point must be strong enough to hold the increased weight. Prior to the rescue dummy being detached from its climbing system, additional friction must be added to the contestant's competitor's system to safely manage the anticipated weight. (2015)
- 4.2.6 When using fall-arrest equipment, a full-body harness must be used and attached dorsally to the dummy. The fall-arrest system must be manufactured to meet or exceed

- the minimum accepted industry safety standard and must be of the inertia reel type. The system must be calibrated to the weight of the dummy and drop tested prior to the event.
- 4.2.7 The contestant competitor must issue the audible warning; "stand clear," before lowering the injured climber safely to the ground.
- 4.2.8 Once a contestant competitor has been identified to the judges, the contestant competitor is asked if he or she has any questions and is reminded of the event requirements.
- 4.2.9 Timing begins when the Event Head Judge says "go" and instructs the contestant competitor to proceed.
- 4.2.10 Contestants Competitors must remain tied in on a separate climbing line or secured with a work-positioning lanyard throughout the event.
- 4.2.11 Contestants Competitors may work off the pre-installed access line (see Rule 2.2.29 and 2.2.30) or may carry another climbing line into the tree.
- 4.2.10 Once a contestant has been identified to the judges, the contestantis asked if he or she has any questions and is reminded of the event requirements. (moved to 4.2.8)
- 4.2.12 Time is stopped when a contestant competitor has lowered the injured climber (dummy) safely to the ground and has unclipped the climbing system from the injured climber's (dummy's) saddle/harness. In the case of a scenario as outlined in 4.2.5, time is stopped when the dummy has been unclipped from the contestant's competitor's climbing system.
- 4.2.13 If a contestant competitor runs out of time before unclipping the injured climber from the climbing saddle/harness, the contestant competitor must stop the climb and follow the instructions of the Event Head Judge.
- 4.2.14 A contestant competitor receives points only for tasks that were completed within the time limit. If the contestant competitor times out, they are eligible to receive points in any of the first 5 scoring sections even if all of the tasks pertinent to that section have not been completed.
- 4.2.15 If a contestant competitor enters the tree using an ascending technique NOT approved for descent or lateral movement, the contestant competitor must, if required, lanyard in, and then tie in with an approved climbing hitch before beginning to move laterally in the tree. The maximum allowable distance of the lateral movement prior to the contestant competitor tying in with an approved climbing hitch will be pre-determined by the Event Head Judge. The first offense will generate a warning; a second offense will generate a disqualification.
- 4.2.16 A contestant competitor may leave equipment in the tree provided the Event Head Judge is informed before the climb. The Event Head Judge then makes arrangements to retrieve the equipment at the end of the contestant's competitor's climb.

4.3 Scoring the Aerial Rescue (50 possible points)

- 4.3.1 There will be either three or five Aerial Rescue judges. When five judges are available, the high and low scores are thrown out, and the remaining three scores are averaged to provide the official score.
- 4.3.2 Up to 45 points are awarded in total for six scoring sections. Each scoring section is worth between 47 and 13 points as detailed below.

Risk Assessment and Rescue Plan	7	points
Ascent and Movement to the Casualty	7	points
Casualty Assessment and Handling	13	points
Descent	7	points
Landing	7	points
Unclipped Casualty within the time limit	4	points

4.3.3 Up to 5 efficiency points can be awarded based on completion time.

Scoring Efficiency Points:

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0 pts – 00.00 seconds to 15 seconds below time limit
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- 1 pts 15.01 seconds to 30 seconds below time limit
- 2 pts 30.01 seconds to 45 seconds below time limit
- 3 pts 45.01 seconds to 60 seconds below time limit
- 4 pts 60.01 seconds to 75 seconds below time limit
- 5 pts 75.01 seconds or more below time limit
- 4.3.4 In case of a tie, the contestant competitor with the fastest time wins.
- 4.3.5 A contestant competitor who fails to finish within the time limit will be called to the ground and will receive only those points accumulated within that time. Judges may award partial points in any of the scoring sections for tasks pertinent to that section that are completed.

4.4 Penalties

Discretionary Penalties:

A 3-point penalty and audible warning will be given by the Event Head Judge for any of the below infractions. (2015)

- 4.4.1 Failure to maintain a taut climbing system or climbing above the tie-in point. (2015)
- 4.4.2 Dangerous uncontrolled swing. (2015)
- 4.4.3 High-speed or dangerous movement.

4.5 Disqualification

Mandatory Disqualifications:

A contestant competitor will be disqualified by the Event Head Judge for the following infractions:

- 4.5.1 Dropped piece of equipment (See Rule 2.2.32).
- 4.5.2 Failure to remain tied-in to the tree on at least one point of attachment. (2015)
- 4.5.3 More than 5 minutes late for event.
- 4.5.4 Misconduct.
- 4.5.5 Second infraction of placing handsaw in the mouth. (2014) (2015)
- 4.5.5 Breaking of sizable branch (size to be decided prior to the event, at the Event Head Judge's discretion). (2015)
- 4.5.6 Tampering with the dummy's independent fall arrest system (see Rule 4.2.5 and 4.2.6).
- 4.5.7 Failure to safely manage the friction required for the additional weight of the dummy (see Rule 4.2.5). (2015)

- 4.5.8 Placing handsaw in the mouth. (2015)
- 4.5.9 A second discretionary penalty. (2015)

5 THROWLINE EVENT

5.1 Event Summary

The throwline is a timed event that tests the contestant's competitor's ability to accurately place a throwline and/or climbing line in a tree at heights between approximately 10 and 20 meters (32.8 and 65.6 feet). contestants Competitors attempt to toss a throwline or climbing line through two of eight targets. Targets can be located in a single tree, four on each side; or in multiple trees as long as there are two distinct sets of four targets. The targets are worth 9, 7, 5, and 3 points, respectively, depending on the difficulty of the throw. Each contestant competitor is allowed unlimited throws within 6 minutes, but a contestant competitor can score in only one target on each side of the tree. A single throw may be used to score a target on each side of the tree. (2015)

The lines may be manipulated in the tree. This includes attaching more than one throwline or climbing line together to perform manipulation techniques. A throw is considered legal and scores only when the scoring line (throwline or climbing line) is isolated within the target area, and both ends of the scoring line are 'touching the ground,' with no other limbs in between the two parts of the line. ('touching the ground' includes both ends of the line touching the contestant competitor who is standing on the ground). Additional lines used for manipulation techniques must be removed from the tree prior to the stoppage of time or the contestant competitor will be assessed a 1-point penalty for each additional line left in the tree. (2015)

Additional points may be earned for installing a climbing line through one target on each side of the tree. The climbing line must be pulled through the target with both ends of the rope 'touching the ground' in order to score additional points. The value of these additional points depends on the difficulty of the throw. Installing a line in a 9-point throw is worth 4 additional points. Installing a line in a 7-point throw is worth 3 additional points, a 5-point throw - 2 points and a 3-point throw - 1 point. (2015)

Contestant Competitors may also earn Time Points for efficiency. The contestant competitor must score in each set of targets to be eligible for Time Points. Time Points are awarded as follows:

- Completed the event in 2:00.00 minutes or less 4 points
- Completed the event between 2:00.01 and 3:00.00 minutes 3 points
- Completed the event between 3:00.01 and 4:00.00 minutes 2 points
- Completed the event between 4:00.01 and 5:00.00 minutes − 1 point
- Completed the event between 5:00.01 and 6:00.00 minutes 0 points (2015)

5.2 Throwline Rules

- 5.2.1 Each competitor must be equipped with, and use, Aa:
 - climbing-style helmet,
 - safety glasses approved eye protection,
 - and appropriate clothing and footwear must be worn at all times during this event.
 (2016)

- 5.2.2 The throwline or climbing line must be thrown by hand from within the predetermined throwing area. Once a line is installed, an approved flip-stick may be used to manipulate the throw line or climbing line into position. Devices such as sling shots or other mechanical devices may not be used in the throwline event. (2015)
- 5.2.3 Contestant Competitors may use up to three throwlines and up to two climbing lines.
- 5.2.4 Contestant Competitors may use equipment provided, or they may use their own throwlines and climbing lines if these have been approved by the judges.
- 5.2.5 A contestant competitor tells the judges when he or she is ready to proceed and waits for the Event Head Judge's signal to start. Time starts when the Event Head Judge says "go" and instructs the contestant competitor to proceed.
- 5.2.6 A contestant competitor can throw at any target, in any order, any number of times, and the throwline or climbing line can be manipulated into the desired position once it has been placed in the tree. If the throwline is outside the target, and a climbing line is attached and pulled into the target, but time runs out before both ends of the climbing line are 'touching the ground,' points for the throw will only be awarded if registered before time runs out. This includes attaching more than one throwline or climbing line together to perform manipulation techniques.
- 5.2.7 A throw is considered legal and scores only when:
 - the throwline or climbing line is isolated within the target area,
 - the contestant competitor, who is standing on the ground, is holding both ends of the line,
 - the contestant competitor has asked the Event Head Judge to register the throw.

A throw is considered legal and scores only when the throwline or climbing line is isolated within the target area, both ends of the line are touching the ground, and the contestant has asked the event head judge to register the throw. (2015)

The target area includes the width of the tape (from outside edge to outside edge). If a climbing line is thrown, it scores the points for both the throw and the installation once the above conditions have been met.

- 5.2.8 When asked by the contestant competitor to register a throw, the judges will determine whether the throw meets the criteria in Rule 5.2.7.
- 5.2.9 If the judges decide that a throw is not legal, the contestant competitor is notified and that throw is not registered. The burden is on It is the responsibility of the contestant competitor to make sure the judges have accepted the throw as legal.
- 5.2.10 A contestant competitor can score only twice (with one throw in each of the two sets of targets), and a throw can score only if it is legal and the judges are told to register it.
- 5.2.11 Once the judges are told to register a throw, it cannot be changed.
- 5.2.12 A contestant competitor who breaks a limb larger than a minimum specified diameter and smaller than a maximum specified diameter shall will be penalized 1 point for each broken limb, unless it is determined by the Event Head Judge that the break was not due to any unnecessary force being applied to the limb. A third broken limb will result in disqualification. The minimum and maximum limb diameters to incur a 1-point penalty will be set by the Event Head Judge prior to the beginning of the competition.

- 5.2.13 A contestant competitor who breaks a limb larger than the predetermined maximum size shall must be disqualified unless it is determined by the Event Head Judge that the break was not due to any unnecessary force being applied to the limb.
- 5.2.14 The final time is recorded when a contestant competitor has successfully installed both climbing lines in the tree(s), when the contestant competitor requests the time to stop, or when time has expired.
- 5.2.15 In the event of a tie, the contestant competitor with the fastest time wins. If the final times are the same, a second tie-breaker will be used: the 'first score time'.
- 5.2.16 The 'first score time' is recorded only for the purposes that it may be needed as a second tie-breaker. The 'first score time' is registered at the first time the contestant competitor asks for either a throwline or climbing line to be registered. In the event of a tie, the competitor with the fastest 'first score time' will win. (2016)
- 5.2.17 Contestants Competitors will be provided 6 minutes to set up and complete the event unless, at the discretion of the Event Head Judge, an alternative time limit is set.
- 5.2.18 contestant Competitors must install at least one climbing line over one of the targets within the time limit. A contestant competitor who does not install a climbing line will be penalized 3 points from the score accumulated before time expired.
- 5.2.19 Any non-scoring lines still in the tree at the end of the competitor's event will incur a one-point penalty per line. (2016)
- 5.2.20 If a contestant's line is within a scoring target, it must be registered with the Event Head Judge prior to the contestant throwing again. If the line is not registered with the Event Head Judge prior to the next throw, it cannot be registered and scored at a later stage in that competitor's event. If the unscored line is still in the tree at the end of that competitor's event, it incurs a one-point penalty. (2016)
- 5.2.1921 A contestant competitor whose climbing line becomes detached and falls from the throwline before it is placed in the target area and declared legal will not be disqualified for dropped equipment.
- 5.2.22 If the throwline was not declared a legal score before the climbing line was dropped, the contestant competitor may re-throw the throwline.
- 5.2.23 A contestant competitor who cannot reach a declared and legally scored throwline and re-attach it to the climbing line is finished with that side of targets. The contestant competitor will receive points only for the declared and legally scored throwline.
- 5.2.24 If a contestant's competitor's throw weight and/or climbing line leaves the flagged area during a throw, while being manipulated or otherwise removed from the tree, a 3-point penalty is assessed. A second offense will result in disqualification from the event.
- 5.2.25 Contestants Competitors shall must issue the audible warning, "stand clear," and receive confirmation of "all clear" from the Event Head Judge before throwing or removing a throwline with the throw weight attached. An audible warning shall must also be issued before manipulation of the throwline when the possibility of accidental removal of the throw weight exists. Failure to issue audible warnings will result in a 1-point deduction for each infraction of this rule. Two 1-point audible penalty warnings will be issued. The third offense will result in a disqualification.
- 5.3 Scoring the Throwline (30 possible points)
- 5.3.1 Contestants Competitors may register a maximum of two throws with the judges.

- 5.3.2 The time taken to legally register the first score will be recorded, as well as the time to legally register both throws (and/or also install the climbing lines).
- 5.3.3 The highest (or most difficult) target scores 9, the middle targets score 7 and 5 respectively, and the lowest (or easiest) target scores 3. (2015)
- 5.3.4 Additional points can be scored for installing a climbing line over one target in each set. Installing a climbing line in a 9-point throw is worth 4-points, a 7-point throw is worth 3-points, a 5-point throw is worth 2-points; and a 3-point throw is worth 1-point. (2015)
- 5.3.5 A 3-point penalty is assessed to any contestant competitor who does not install at least one climbing line within the time limit provided.
- 5.3.6 A contestant competitor can also score Time Points for efficiency. Time Points are awarded as follows:
 - o Completed the event in 2:00.00 minutes or less 4 points
 - o Completed the event between 2:00.01 and 3:00.00 minutes 3 points
 - Completed the event between 3:00.01 and 4:00.00 minutes 2 points
 - o Completed the event between 4:00.01 and 5:00.00 minutes 1 point
 - o Completed the event between 5:00.01 and 6:00.00 minutes 0 points

Contestants Competitors must score in both sets of targets to be eligible to earn Time Points.

(2015)

- 5.3.7 A contestant competitor can score a maximum of 18 points for hitting the targets (9 on each side of the tree) and an additional maximum of 8 points (4 on each side of the tree) for installing climbing lines. A contestant competitor can also score a maximum of 4 points for completing the event in 2:00.00 minutes or less. (2015)
- 5.3.8 A contestant's competitor's final placing is based on score, with the highest point total determining the winner.
- 5.3.9 In the event of a tie, the contestant competitor with the fastest final time is the winner. If the final times are identical, the contestant competitor with the fastest first score time is the winner. (2015)

Example scoring:

Contestant Competitor A

Scores 9 points for hitting the top target, and 4 points for installing a climbing line on the first side, and an additional 5 points for hitting a middle target on the other side of the tree, but receives a 1-point penalty for failing to issue an audible warning and runs out of time before installing the climbing line. Contestant Competitor A scores 9+4+5-1=17 points; time 6:00.00 minutes. (2015)

Contestant-Competitor B

Scores 7 points for hitting a middle target and an additional 3 points for installing a climbing line on the first side. The contestant competitor then scores 5 points for hitting the lower middle target on side two and scores an additional 2 points for installing the climbing line in the second target area. Contestant Competitor B finishes the event in 2.54.00 and earns an additional 3 Time Points. Contestant Competitor B scores 7 + 3 + 5 + 2 + 3 = 20 points; time 2.54.00 minutes. (2015)

Contestant Competitor C

Scores 9 points for hitting the top target on the first side of the tree and then scores an additional 9 points for hitting the top target on the other side but runs out of time before installing a climbing line. Contestant Competitor C receives a 3-point deduction for not installing a climbing line. Contestant Competitor C scores 9 + 9 - 3 = 15 points; time 6:00.00 minutes. (2015)

ContestantCompetitor D

Scores 9 points for hitting the top target and an additional 4 for installing the climbing line in the target. Moving to the second side of the tree, the contestant competitor then gets a throwline stuck, which can't be removed, but rebounds and scores 5 points for a throw into the lower middle target. At this point, Contestant Competitor D asks the Event Head Judge to stop time. Contestant Competitor D receives a 1-point penalty for the line left in the tree. Contestant Competitor D scores 9 + 4 + 5 - 1 = 17 points; time 5:46.00 minutes.

Contestant Competitor placing would be B-1st, D-2nd, A-3rd, C-4th (2015)

5.4 Penalties

Mandatory Penalties:

A contestant competitor will be penalized for the following infractions:

- 5.4.1 3-point penalty for not installing a climbing line.
- 5.4.2 1-point penalty for each non-scoring line or throw weight left in the tree when time expires. (2015)
- 5.4.3 3-point penalty for the throw weight or climbing line landing outside the flagged area.
- 1-point penalty for breaking a limb within the diameter range designated by the Event Head Judge prior to the beginning of the competition. Up to two 1-point penalties will be allowed. A third broken limb within the specified diameter range will result in disqualification.
- 5.4.5 1-point penalty for each failure to issue an audible warning and receive confirmation of "all clear" from the eEvent head jJudge before throwing or removing any throwline with a throw weight attached. Up to two 1-point penalty warnings will be audibly issued by the Event Head Judge. The third offense will result in a disqualification.

5.5 Disqualification

Mandatory Disqualification:

A contestant competitor will be disqualified for the following infractions:

- 5.5.1 Being more than 5 minutes late for event.
- 5.5.2 Two throws (throwlines with weights attached or climbing lines) that land outside the flagged area.
- 5.5.3 Failure to issue an audible warning (third offense).
- 5.5.4 Misconduct.

5.5.5 A third offense for breaking a limb within the diameter range as set by the Event Head Judge prior to the beginning of the competition.

Discretionary Disqualification:

A contestant competitor may be disqualified, at the discretion of the judges, for the following infractions:

5.5.6 Breaking of a limb larger than the maximum diameter designated by the Event Head Judge prior to the beginning of the competition.

6 BELAYED SPEED CLIMB EVENT

6.1 Event Summary

The Speed Climb tests the contestant's competitor's ability to climb a predetermined route from the ground to about 60 feet (18 meters) up a tree with a belayed climbing system for safety. The event is timed, and the contestant competitor who reaches and rings the final bell of the course, in the least amount of time wins. There could be more than one bell placed in the tree to determine the route; in such an event, the climber must ring all the bells in order to complete the event.

6.2 Belayed Speed Climb Rules

- 6.2.1 Each competitor must be equipped with, and use, Aa:
 - climbing-style helmet,
 - approved eye protection,
 - tree-climbing saddle/harness,
 - safety glasses, and appropriate clothing and footwear-must be worn at all times during this event. (2016)
- 6.2.2 Contestants Competitors must be tied in with an approved climbing line and friction hitch or device at all times. An impartial belayer provides belay for the contestant competitor during the climb. (2015)
- 6.2.3 Contestants Competitors signal the judges when ready and wait for the Event Head Judge to signal that the timers judges are ready to begin.
- 6.2.4 The judges start the clock when the a contestant's competitor's second foot leaves the ground.
- 6.2.5 The judges stop the clock when the a contestant competitor rings the final bell.
- 6.2.6 Contestants Competitors must follow the predetermined route and remain tied in at all times.
- 6.2.7 After completing the climb, a contestant competitor is responsible for bringing the line back down the tree to set the course for the next contestant competitor.
- 6.2.8 When technician belayed, a contestant competitor may not use the section of the climbing line from the termination attachment on the climbing saddle/harness to the top pulley block (the lead of the rope) to advance their position. If this section of the climbing line is used to advance position, the first offense will generate a warning; a second offense will generate a disqualification.
- 6.2.9 Contestants Competitors may use the section of the climbing line from the top pulley block to the ground (the fall of the rope) to aid the climb, or lines set in the tree exclusively to aid in ascent.

- 6.2.10 A contestant competitor who breaks a limb larger than the predetermined maximum size may be disqualified at the discretion of the Event Head Judge.
- 6.2.11 Three stopwatches are used, and the time is recorded to the hundredth of a second.
- 6.2.12 The three times are averaged to produce the final time.

6.3 Scoring the Belayed Speed Climb (20 possible points)

- 6.3.1 There will be either three or five Belayed Speed Climb timers. When five timers are available, the high and low times are thrown out, and the remaining three times are averaged to provide the official time.
- 6.3.2 The event is based purely on time.
- 6.3.3 The fastest contestant competitor to the top is the winner and receives 20 points.
- 6.3.4 The remaining contestant competitors' scores are calculated by subtracting the fastest contestant competitor's time (in seconds) from the times of each of the other contestant competitors.
- 6.3.5 For every 2-second difference in time between those scores, 1 point (of the 20 possible points) is deducted from the contestant competitor's score.

Example scoring:

The fastest contestant competitor completes the climb in 2 minutes, 27.46 seconds (147.46 seconds).

The second-fastest contestant competitor completes the climb in 2 minutes, 41.82 seconds (161.82 seconds).

Time difference = 14.36 seconds = 7.18 point deduction

The fastest contestant competitor receives 20 points.

The second-fastest contestant competitor receives 12.82 points (20-7.18).

6.4 Disqualification

Mandatory Disqualification:

A contestant competitor will be disqualified for the following infractions:

- 6.4.1 Second infraction of using the lead of the rope to advance position (see Rule 6.2.8).
- 6.4.2 Dropping a piece of equipment (see Rule 2.2.32).
- 6.4.3 Failure to remain tied in.
- 6.4.4 Being more than 5 minutes late for event.
- 6.4.5 Misconduct.

Discretionary Disqualification:

A contestant competitor may be disqualified, at the discretion of the Event Head Judge, for the following infractions:

- 6.4.6 Dangerous uncontrolled swing.
- 6.4.7 Leaping or jumping, creating excessive slack.
- 6.4.8 Breaking of a sizable branch (size to be determined by the Event Head Judge prior to the event). (2015)

7 SECURED FOOTLOCK EVENT

7.1 Event Summary

The Secured Footlock measures the contestant competitor's ability to perform a vertical ascent into a tree using a Prusik hitch or other approved friction hitch for fall protection and the footlock rope-climbing method on a doubled climbing line. The height is 15 meters (49 feet, 2.5 inches) for both the men's and women's event at International competition. A height of 12 meters (39 feet, 4.5 inches) may be used for both the men's and women's event at Chapter level if height constraints are an issue. The finishing bell shall must be installed 38 cm (15 inches) horizontally from the competitor's line. Mechanical ascenders may not be used. The event is timed with a maximum time limit of 60 seconds, and the contestant competitor with the fastest time wins.

A footlock world record may be attempted during either the preliminary event or during a stand-alone event. However, for a world record footlock time to stand, all the criteria for a world-record attempt, as outlined in Appendix 1, must be met.

7.2 Secured Footlock Rules

- 7.2.1 Each competitor must be equipped with, and use, Aa:
 - climbing-style helmet,
 - Ffigure-8 descender or other approved descending device;
 - approved Prusik loop;
 - approved tree-climbing saddle/harness, and/or fall-protection-arrest harness with a dorsal attachment,
 - safety glasses approved eye protection,
 - and appropriate clothing and footwear must be worn at all times during this event.
 (2016)
- 7.2.2 contestant Competitors may use the installed line provided for the event or replace the line with an approved climbing line of the contestant competitor's choice.
- 7.2.3 contestant Competitors advise the judges timers when ready and wait for the Event Head Judge to signal that the judges and technicians are ready to proceed. (2015)
- 7.2.4 The judges timers start the clock when a contestant competitor's second foot leaves the ground.
- 7.2.5 The judges timers stop the clock when a contestant competitor rings the bell at the top of the climb, either by hitting or shaking it with his or her hand.
- 7.2.6 If a contestant competitor does not reach the bell/buzzer within the 60-second time limit, the Event Head Judge will instruct the contestant competitor to stop and descend to the ground. The contestant competitor will receive no points.
- 7.2.7 An impartial belayer provides belay for the contestant competitor during the climb.
- 7.2.8 contestant Competitors must keep the belay line attached to the harness and remain on belay at all times while participating in this event.
- 7.2.9 contestant Competitors must use a Prusik hitch or another approved non-mechanical fall-protection system during the climb.
- 7.2.10 contestant Competitors must perform an "on-rope test" to demonstrate the effectiveness and adjustment of the fall-arrest safety equipment.

- 7.2.11 During the ascent, the contestant competitor may not place his/her hand on or above the friction hitch. For the descent, the climber may place his/her hand on the friction hitch to disable it, only after an approved descending system (e.g., Figure-8) has been installed and the climber has communicated with the belayer his/her intent to change over to the descending system to return to the ground.
- 7.2.12 contestant Competitors must use an approved descending device such as a Figure-8 for the descent. contestant Competitors must not descend on the friction hitch (Prusik, Klemheist).
- 7.2.13 Equipment such as a carabiner may be attached to a contestant competitor's boots in order to keep the climbing line close to the feet.
- 7.2.14 contestant Competitors are required to remain on belay at all times during the descent.
- 7.2.15 Electronic timers specifically designed to start when a contestant competitor's foot leaves the ground and stop when the handbell is activated by a contestant competitor's hand are used to record time to the hundredth of a second and are used as the official final time. Three or five stopwatches are also used to record the time to the hundredth of a second to back up the electronic timer. If the electronic timer malfunctions, the three stopwatch times are averaged to produce the official final time. If five stopwatches are used, the highest and lowest times are discarded and the three remaining times will be averaged.
- 7.2.16 The three manual times recorded must have no more than 50/100ths of a second difference between the fastest and slowest time to qualify for recording. When times fall outside this range the time with the greatest difference from the middle time will not be recorded and the two remaining times will be averaged providing there is no greater than 50/100ths of a second difference between them. In the event of more than one stopwatch falling outside this range, no time can be recorded.
- 7.2.17 If a valid scoring time cannot be confirmed, the competitor shall will be offered the opportunity to re-run the event at a later time during the competition.

7.3 Scoring the Secured Footlock (20 possible points)

- 7.3.1 There will be either three or five Secured Footlock timers. When five timers are available, the high and low times are thrown out, and the remaining three times are averaged to provide the official time.
- 7.3.2 The event is based purely on time.
- 7.3.3 contestant Competitors who do not reach the bell/buzzer within 60 seconds will receive no points.
- 7.3.4 The fastest contestant competitor to the top is the winner and receives 20 points.
- 7.3.5 The remaining contestant competitors' scores are calculated by subtracting the fastest contestant competitor's time (in seconds) from the times of each of the other contestant competitors.
- 7.3.6 For every 1-second difference in time between those scores, 1 point (of the 20 possible points) is deducted from the climber's score.

Example scoring:

The fastest contestant competitor (A) completes the climb in 0:12.49 seconds.

The second-fastest contestant competitor (B) completes the climb in 0:13.32 seconds.

(B) 13.32 minus (A) 12.49 = 00.83 -point deduction.

This contestant competitor's score is 20 - 0.83 = 19.17.

The tenth-fastest contestant competitor (C) completes the climb in 0:35.29 seconds.

(C) 35.29 minus (A) 12.49 = 22.80-point deduction. This contestant competitor's score is 20 - 22.80 = 0.

7.4 Penalties

Mandatory Penalty

A contestant competitor will be penalized for the following infractions:

7.4.1 A 3-second penalty will be added to the contestant competitor's time for placing his or her hands on or above the friction hitch.

7.5 Disqualification

Mandatory Disqualification

A contestant competitor will be disqualified for the following infractions:

- 7.5.1 Dropped piece of equipment (see Rule 2.2.32).
- 7.5.2 A second offense of the contestant competitor placing his or her hands on or above the friction hitch (Prusik, Klemheist).
- 7.5.3 Being more than 5 minutes late for the event.
- 7.5.4 Misconduct.

8 MASTERS' CHALLENGE

8.1 Event Summary

The Masters' Challenge is the championship round of the competition. The top men and top women finishers from the preliminary round advance to the Masters' Challenge to compete for the title. The Masters' Challenge is designed to judge the contestant competitors' overall productivity and skill with a rope and saddle/harness in the tree. contestant Competitors are judged and scored on their knowledge and their ability to demonstrate mastery of different climbing techniques, use of equipment, poise in the tree, and safe working practices.

At the eEvent hHead jJudge's signal, "Go," a contestant competitor enters the designated work area. The contestant competitor must perform a visual tree assessment, install any necessary climbing and/or belay equipment, and then enter the tree. The contestant competitor proceeds to three work stations in the tree. In some situations, a fourth station may be added to increase the difficulty of the climb and provide additional opportunity for the judges to assess a contestant competitor's abilities. (2015)

At each of three of four stations, the contestant competitor must ring a bell with a handsaw before continuing to the next station. One of the stations is equipped with a graduated plumb bob suspended from the limb. If a contestant competitor puts too much weight on the limb, causing the plumb bob to drop and touch a height marker activate a buzzer, no fewer points are earned for completing the activity. Another station is equipped with wooden dowels in a bucket and a target on the ground. A contestant competitor is tested on his/her ability to toss limbs to a designated area. A contestant competitor can make three attempts to land a limb into a target. A maximum time to complete the event is specified in advance. The climb is timed to assess overall productivity, but the Masters' Challenge is not a speed event. (2016)

8.2 Masters' Challenge Rules

- 8.2.1 Masters' Challenge contestant competitors shall wear the minimum equipment of Each competitor must be equipped with, and use, a:
 - climbing-style helmet,
 - approved eye protection,
 - handsaw and scabbard,
 - tree-climbing worker's saddle/harness,
 - work-positioning lanyard, and
 - appropriate clothing and footwear, safety glasses, and work-positioning lanyard. (2016)
- 8.2.2 Prior to a contestant competitor starting the event, all equipment must be placed in a designated area inside the event arena. Once the time starts, no more equipment can be brought into the designated area or event arena.
- 8.2.3 All personal equipment shall must meet the requirements of 2.2.1.
- 8.2.4 The number of contestant competitors who advance to the Masters' Challenge depends on the total number of competitors in the event. For competitions with 30 or fewer, three advance; 31 to 40, four advance; 41 or greater, five advance. (Exceptions may be made with the approval of the organizing TCC committee and prior to the beginning of the competition). (2015)
- 8.2.5 If one of the top competitors is unable to participate, the contestant competitor with the next highest score may climb as an alternate, at the discretion of the Head Judge.
- 8.2.6 Once the top contestant competitors have been determined, the Head Judge sets the order in which the contestant competitors climb. The top finisher is given first choice, followed in order of finish during the preliminary round.
- 8.2.7 Contestant Competitors are then sequestered until it is time for each individual contestant competitor to climb. contestant Competitors are sequestered where they cannot visually or audibly benefit until it is time for each individual contestant competitor to climb.
- 8.2.8 A contestant competitor shall must not witness or listen to comments about another contestant competitor's climb before the time he or she is scheduled to climb, but may watch after completing his or her own climb. For example, the second contestant competitor may not watch the first contestant competitor, but the first contestant competitor may watch the second.
- 8.2.9 The Head Judge shall will set an adequate time limit for a contestant competitor to set up, install a climbing line, perform the climb and remove all climbing equipment from the tree. This time shall will be established and announced before the event begins.
- 8.2.10 Official timing begins when the Event Head Judge says "Go" and instructs the contestant competitor to proceed.
- 8.2.11 Official timing stops when a contestant competitor returns to the ground and successfully removes all equipment installed during the event (including all throwlines/throw weights, climbing lines, belay equipment, and climbing hardware). Equipment is considered removed from the tree when it is no longer in contact with the tree completely out of the tree and on the ground.
- 8.2.12 If a contestant competitor does not complete the climb within the time limit, the score received to that point is used as the contestant competitor's score. A contestant

- competitor will be called to the ground by the Event Head Judge if the time limit elapses or safety standards are violated.
- 8.2.13 If a contestant competitor fails to remove all the equipment in the tree within the time limit, a 20-point penalty will be assessed.
- 8.2.14 The event is timed as a means of assessing overall productivity. Time Preliminary ranking will count as a tiebreaker in the case of identical scores. If preliminary rankings are identical, Masters time is the final tiebreaker. (2016)
- 8.2.15 Previously installed climbing lines are not permitted in this event.
- 8.2.16 A contestant competitor receives 10 points for installing the throwline on the first attempt. Each throw attempt thereafter will be worth 2 points less, with the fifth attempt worth 2 points. Additional throw attempts will receive 0 points. If more than one access line or climbing line is set by the contestant competitor, points for installing the throwline will only be awarded for the first access or climbing line set.
- 8.2.17 The tree is divided into five sections for scoring the setting of the throwline in the tree. A contestant competitor receives 1 point for installing the throwline in the lowest section and 5 points for the highest section. A contestant competitor who utilizes more than five throws to install a throwline shall receives no height points.
- 8.2.18 contestant Competitors shall must issue the audible warning, "stand clear," and receive confirmation of "all clear" from the Event Head Judge before throwing or removing a throwline with the throw weight attached. An audible warning shall also be issued before manipulation of the throwline when the possibility of accidental removal of the throw weight exists. Failure to issue audible warnings will result in a 1-point deduction for each infraction of this rule. Two 1-point audible penalty warnings will be issued. The third offense will result in a disqualification. (2015)
- 8.2.19 If a contestant competitor's throwline with weight attached leaves the flagged area during a throw, while being manipulated or otherwise removed from the tree, a warning will be issued. A second offense will result in disqualification from the event.
- 8.2.20 A contestant competitor may receive up to 3 additional points, awarded at the discretion of the judges, for creative technique and/or skill displayed while setting the throwline. A contestant competitor who utilizes more than five throws to install a throwline may receive bonus points if applicable.
- 8.2.21 Each contestant competitor may choose the route and order in which to approach the work stations.
- 8.2.22 At each station, a contestant competitor should demonstrate the ability to work freely with both hands. (2015)
- 8.2.23 A contestant competitor is awarded up to 10 points for successfully completing each of the following activities:
 - a. Handbell Stations: contestant Competitor is required to ring bell with a handsaw.
 - b. Limb Toss Station: contestant Competitor is required to first ring bell and then to throw a limb at a designated target. If unsuccessful, a contestant competitor may throw a second or third limb. Only one throw will be scored. No points will be awarded if the bell is not rung prior to throwing the limb. See Rule 3.4.1 for limb size and target size specifications.
 - c. <u>Limb Walk</u> Graduated Plumb Bob Station: contestant Competitor must ring the bell with a handsaw without touching the predetermined height markersactivating the

alarm. This station may also be called the Plumb Bob Station. A weight is suspended from the limb approximately 12 to 36 inches (30.5 to 90.5 centimeters) above the ground. The contestant competitor must ring the bell with a handsaw without allowing the weight to hit the ground. The graduated height markers will be worth 6, 8, and 10 points. If the weight touches the lowest markerhits the ground or activates the alarm, the contestant competitor does not receive the any 10 points for successfully completing the activity (section F on scoresheet) at that station. (2016)

- d. No completion points are awarded at stations where a contestant competitor fails to correctly complete the required activity.
- 8.2.24 Each contestant competitor is scored on the criteria identified on the official score sheet.
- 8.2.25 A contestant competitor will be disqualified for dropping a piece of equipment while working aloft. When the contestant competitor is working on the ground during the official timed period (e.g., setting or removing lines or equipment in the tree), equipment that hits the ground will not incur an automatic disqualification. Rather, these infractions shall must be judged using the appropriate sections of the score sheet. Safe use of equipment such as throwbags and various friction-reducing devices should be rewarded. A contestant competitor who removes equipment (e.g., throwbags, friction-reducing devices, ropes) from the tree in an uncontrolled or unsafe manner shall must be penalized. It shall be up to the discretion of the judges whether the infractions were deemed accidental or intentional and penalties levied accordingly. An unsafe act may result in disqualification.

8.3 Scoring the Masters' Challenge (up to 300 possible points)

- 8.3.1 There will be either three or five Masters' Challenge judges. When five judges are available, the high and low scores are thrown out, and the remaining three scores are averaged to provide the official score.
- 8.3.2 The judges score a contestant competitor's movements from the time the official time begins until the contestant competitor finishes all the work stations, returns to the ground, and successfully removes all equipment installed during the event; runs out of time; or is disqualified.
- 8.3.3 A contestant competitor receives points only for tasks that were completed within the time limit. If the contestant competitor times out, s/he should receive points in any of the scoring sections even if all of the tasks pertinent to that section have not been completed.
- 8.3.4 Individual score sheets are provided to each of the scoring judges for each of the contestant competitors.
- 8.3.5 Preliminary points do not carry over to the Masters' Challenge. The overall winner of the competition will be the contestant competitor with the highest point total in the Masters' Challenge.

8.4 Penalties

Mandatory Penalties

A contestant competitor will be penalized for the following infractions:

8.4.1 A 20-point deduction will be assessed for failing to retrieve all equipment within the time limit. (2015)

1-point penalty for each failure to issue an audible warning before throwing or removing a throw-weight (includes mechanical devices). (refer to 8.2.18) (2016)

Discretionary Penalties (determined by Scoring Judges)

Judges may use their discretion for the following infractions: (2015)

- 8.4.2 A contestant competitor can receive up to a 5-point deduction for any of the following: unsafe acts, poor performance, or poor techniques.
- 8.4.3 Placing handsaw in the mouth (2014) (2015)

Discretionary Penalties (determined by Event Head Judge)

A 3-point penalty and audible warning will be given for any of the following infractions:

- 8.4.4 Dangerous uncontrolled swing.
- 8.4.5 Failure to maintain a taut climbing system or climbing above the tie-in point.
- 8.4.6 High-speed or dangerous movement. (2015)

8.5 Disqualification

Mandatory Disqualification

A contestant competitor will be disqualified for the following infractions:

- 8.5.1 Dropping a piece of equipment while working aloft. (see Rule 2.2.32).
- 8.5.2 Failure to remain tied-in to the tree on at least one point of attachment.
- 8.5.3 Failure to issue an audible warning (third offense) (see Rule 8.2.18). (2015)
- 8.5.4 Two throws (throwlines with weights attached or climbing lines) that land outside the flagged area. (2015)
- 8.5.5 More than 5 minutes late for event.
- 8.5.6 Misconduct.
- 8.5.7 Leaving the pre-designated area or bringing in equipment from outside the pre-designated area once the official time has begun.
- 8.5.8 Placing handsaw in the mouth. (2015)
- 8.5.9 Breaking of sizeable branch (size to be decided prior to the event, at the Event Head Judge's discretion). (2015)
- 8.5.10 A second discretionary penalty (as determined by Event Head Judge). (2015)

8.6 Potential Bonuses

- 8.6.1 A contestant competitor may receive up to 5 additional bonus points, at the judges' discretion, for each of the following (for a total of 15 potential bonus points):
 - Overall demonstration of skill, style, and presentation throughout the climb.
 - Use of innovative techniques and equipment.
 - Overall demonstration of safe work practices and techniques, including visual tree assessment.

WORLD-RECORD ATTEMPT FOR SECURED FOOTLOCK

The following criteria must be met in order for a chapter or other group to sponsor a Secured Footlock event for the purposes of setting a new world record.

- 1. A current member of an ITCC Committee (Rules, Operations, Technical Advisory, ETCC/NATCC/APTCC) serves as an independent judge.
- 2. The chapter or associate organization undertaking the attempt must arrange for an appropriate ITCC committee member to be present and pay all associated costs.
- 3. All equipment used by the climbers and officials must satisfy the requirements listed in the current ITCC rules and regulations.
- 4. The rules for the Secured Footlock event (ITCC rules 7.1 7.5.4) must be followed.
- 5. When electronic timing is used, an additional three manual timings by stopwatch must be taken as a backup in case of failure of the electronic timing device. If the electronic device fails, the three manual times will be added together and an average time recorded. The three manual times recorded must have no more than 50/100ths of a second difference between the fastest and slowest time to qualify for recording. If times fall outside this range, no world record time can be recorded.
- 6. When only manual timing is used, five stopwatches must be used, and the highest and lowest times are discarded. The three remaining times will be added together and an average time recorded. The three manual times recorded must have no more than 50/100ths of a second difference between the fastest and slowest time to qualify for recording. If times fall outside this range, no world record time can be recorded.
- 7. A world record time will not be considered official until the request for validation form (attached) has been completed, returned to the ITCC staff liaison at ISA headquarters, and signed by the ITCC Committee Chair.

INTERNATIONAL SOCIETY OF ARBORICULTURE SECURED FOOTLOCK WORLD-RECORD ATTEMPT EVENT REQUEST



Event Information

Name of Chapter/Organization		
Name of Event		
Address of Event		
State/Province, Country		
State/Flovilice, Coulitiy		
ITCC Committee Member who will be present		
Date Event to be held		
Contact Information		
<u>Contact Information</u>		
Chapter/AO President's Name:		
Chapter/AO President's Signature:		
Address:		
Phone Number: (Include international code) E-Mail:		
Local TCC Chairperson's Name:		
Local TCC Chairperson's Signature:		
Address:		
Phone Number: (Include international code) E-Mail:		

Send this request to:
ITCC Staff Liaison
ISA
P.O. Box 3129,
Champaign, IL 61826-3129, U.S.A.

INTERNATIONAL SOCIETY OF ARBORICULTURE SECURED FOOTLOCK WORLD-RECORD ATTEMPT REQUEST FOR VALIDATION



EVENT:	LOCATION:	DATE:
I request ISA validation for a 50-for record attempt by:		
Chapter president's or TCC Local (Chairperson's signature:	Date:
I confirm that the height to the lo taking place, and that its height was_		d by me prior to the attempt
Operations/Rules Committee Membe	r:	Date:
I confirm that the electronic time I rec		
Electronic Timer's Signature	Recorded	d Time
I confirm that the manual time I recor	ded for this attempt is a true and	valid time of
Timer #1 Signature		
I confirm that the manual time I recor	ded for this attempt is a true and	d valid time of
Timer #2 Signature	Recorde	ed Time
I confirm that the manual time I recor	ded for this attempt is a true and	d valid time of
Timer #3 Signature	Recorde	ed Time
I confirm that the manual time I recor	ded for this attempt is a true and	d valid time of
Timer #4 Signature	Recorde	ed Time
I confirm that the manual time I recor	ded for this attempt is a true and	d valid time of
Timer #5 Signature	Recorded T	ime
I confirm I was present at this atte		corded above are correct for the
	(Climber's Name)	
Operations/Rules Committee Me	mber Signature:	Date:
World Record Attempt – Average	Recorded Time:	

Climber's Name		
Address		Phone
		E-mail
	Electronic Time	or .
		<u>-1-</u>
Name		
Address		Phone
		E-mail
	Manual Timer #	<u>†1</u>
Name		
Address		Phone
		E-mail
	Manual Timer #	1 2
	ividiadi filiter il	<u> </u>
Name		
Address		Phone
		E-mail
	Manual Timer #	<u> 13</u>
Name		
Address		Phone
		E-mail

Manual Timer #4

Name		
Address		Phone
_		E-mail
	Manual Timer #	<u>#5</u>
Name		
Address		Phone
_		E-mail
*World	record validation process is not complete u	until reviewed by the ITCC Committee
	ITCC Commit	tee Use Only
Attending	ITCC Committee Member Signature	Date
ITCC Com	mittee Chairmen Signature	Date
Following v	verification send to:	Copies:
ITCC Staff	Liaison	ITCC Committee Members
ISA		Local Chapter President
P.O. Box 3		TCC Local Chair
Champaign	, IL 61826-3129, U.S.A	Contestant

ITCC HEAD-TO-HEAD SECURED FOOTLOCK EVENT SUMMARY

The Head-to-Head Secured Footlock is a stand-alone event. A 'Head-to-Head' Secured Footlock event may take place at any competition held under the auspices of ISA.

Up to eighteen climbers (no more than 12 may be men) compete in the Head-to-Head Secured Footlock. The climbers are those who scored in the top places at the previous day's Secured Footlock. If the top finishers from the Secured Footlock do not wish to compete in the Head-to-Head Secured Footlock, the position will be offered to the next-fastest climber, and so on.

The Secured Footlock measures a contestant competitor's ability to perform a vertical ascent into a tree using a Prusik hitch or other approved friction hitch for fall protection and the footlock rope-climbing method on a doubled climbing line. The height is 15 meters (49 feet, 2.5 inches) for both the men's and women's events. A height of 12 meters (39 feet, 4.5 inches) may be used for both the men's and women's events at Chapter level if height constraints are an issue. Mechanical ascenders may not be used. The event is timed, and the contestant competitor with the fastest time wins.

In the Head-to-Head Secured Footlock, two climbers compete at a time on separate climbing systems, with separate timing systems in use.

All equipment used by the climbers and officials must satisfy the requirements listed the current ITCC rules and regulations.

The rules for the Secured Footlock event (ITCC rules section 7.2.1 –7.2.17, 7.3.1, and 7.4.1 –7.5.4.) must be followed.

When electronic timing is used, an additional three manual timings by stopwatch must be taken as a backup in case of failure of the electronic timing device. If the electronic device fails, the three manual times will be added together and an average time recorded. The three manual times recorded must have no more than 50/100ths of a second difference between the fastest and slowest time to qualify for recording. If times fall outside this range, no world record time can be recorded.

When only manual timing is used, five stopwatches must be used, and the highest and lowest times are discarded. The three remaining times will be added together and an average time recorded. The three manual times recorded must have no more than 50/100ths of a second difference between the fastest and slowest time to qualify for recording. If times fall outside this range, no world record time can be recorded.

IF ALL REQUIREMENTS OF APPENDIX 1 (WORLD-RECORD ATTEMPT FOR SECURED FOOTLOCK) ARE MET, TIMES WILL BE RECORDED AS WORLD RECORDS.

AERIAL RESCUE

EVENT SCENARIO EXAMPLES

The event committee should write an Aerial Rescue scenario for their individual event. The scenario should be kept confidential prior to the competition and be outlined for the competitors during the event walk-though meeting prior to the start of the competition.

The following are examples of possible Aerial Rescue event scenarios:

Example #1 -

Weather conditions - 95° F (35° C) sunny / high humidity

Situation- You notice that the climber is not moving in the tree.

Climber condition- The climber is conscious, breathing hard, and his face is red. He is also having trouble communicating.

Example #2 -

Weather conditions - 59° F (15° C) Cloudy and wet

Situation- A climber has slipped and fallen while moving through the tree. He has taken a violent swing fall hitting the main trunk

Climber condition- The climber is conscious but is holding his left arm. He is in pain and is unable to descend from the tree.

Example #3 –

Weather conditions -70° F (21° C) Sunny

Situation- A climber is working in a takedown situation, and has cut the back of his left leg with a chainsaw.

Climber condition- The climber is unable to stop the bleeding while in the tree.

GUIDELINES FOR DIVISIONS WITH ONE OR TWO COMPETITORS

In the event that there are only one or two competitors in a division (male or female) at the chapter level, the potential climber representative shall be deemed to be eligible to compete at ITCC if s/he meets the criteria listed below during the chapter competition.

In the event that there are three or more climbers at the chapter level (in either division), the criteria below do not apply.

- Competitor must attempt each of the five preliminary events
- Competitor must score points in three of the five events
- Competitor must successfully complete at least two stations in the work climb (excluding the landing station) before time runs out, then descend to the ground in a controlled manner and detach from their climbing system thus demonstrating an ability to safely move through the tree.
- Competitor must attempt a Masters' Challenge climb and must at the minimum set a climbable line, enter the tree, and reach one station before timing out.

When there are three or more competitors the winner shall must be determined by points alone. Provided s/he can demonstrate the ability to compete safely, the climber with the most points shall be deemed eligible for ITCC regardless of the level of skill demonstrated.

The intention of these criteria is to provide any serious competitor, regardless of his or her degree of experience or time in the field, with an opportunity to rise to the challenge of competing at the international level.

DEFINITIONS

Moving Rope System (see Rule 2.2.20 below)

A fall protection system in which the rope adjustment device advances along a moving line. Doubled rope technique (Drdt) or running rope systems are examples of Moving Rope Systems (contrast with Stationary Rope System).

Stationary Rope System (see Rule 2.2.20 below)

A fall protection system in which the rope adjustment device moves along a stationary working line (contrast with Moving Rope System).

2.2.20 Lines used for work positioning when using a moving rope system shall must be a minimum of 11mm diameter and shall must have a minimum breaking strength of 22kn. Ropes used for ascending and stationary rope systems shall must be a minimum of 10mm in diameter and shall must have a minimum breaking strength of 22kn. When using stationary rope systems the contestant competitor shall must use a device that meets the criteria indicated in 2.2.1 and is approved by the manufacturer for stationary rope systems as a stand-alone device. The device shall must also be compatible for use with the line's diameter and construction.

TREE TECHNICIANS' GUIDE

The following information is to be relayed to the Event Head Judge, Event Head Technicians, and Scoring Judge on the ground by radio:

- Proof loading of system prior to use during whole climb
- Use of lanyard, when it is installed while moving out onto limb
- Slack in the line
- Line angle during limb walk
- Dangerous actions

Further information shall must only be transmitted upon demand from the ground.

Please try to be consistent in the way you communicate the information between competitors.

Transmit facts, not opinion. Keep it short and concise.

Pass on the information when the climber passes the point where any part of his/her work-positioning system is at 45° from the vertical.

